

**Reaphookhillite**

**Crystal Data:** Triclinic. *Point Group:*  $\bar{1}$ .

**Physical Properties:** *Cleavage:* *Tenacity:* *Fracture:*

Hardness = D(meas.) = D(calc.) =

**Optical Properties:** *Color:* *Streak:* *Luster:*

*Optical Class:*

**Cell Data:** *Space Group:*  $P\bar{1}$ .  $a = 5.759(1)$   $b = 7.534(1)$   $c = 5.279(1)$   $\alpha = 93.44(3)^\circ$

$\beta = 91.27(3)^\circ$   $\gamma = 91.30(3)^\circ$

**X-Ray Diffraction Pattern:** Reaphook Hill, Martins Well, Flinders Ranges, South Australia, Australia.

7.577 (100), 2.982 (32), 2.880 (27), 4.461 (24), 3.771 (14), 2.775 (14), 3.158 (13), 2.668 (13)

**Chemistry:**

**Polymorphism & Series:** Dimorph of Sergeysmirnovite.

**Mineral Group:** The magnesium-analogue of parahopeite.

**Occurrence:**

**Association:**

**Distribution** From Reaphook Hill, Martins Well, Flinders Ranges, South Australia, Australia.

**Name:** For the locality where the studied material was collected.

**Type Material:** South Australian Museum, Adelaide, South Australia, Australia (G34798).

**References:** (1) Miyawaki, R., F. Hatert, M. Pasero, and S.J. Mills (2019) IMA Commission on New Minerals, Nomenclature and Classification (CNMNC) Newsletter 47. New minerals and nomenclature modifications approved in 2018 and 2019. *Mineral. Mag.*, 83(1), 146.